NAVAJO NATION AIR QUALITY CONTROL PROGRAM OPEN BURNING REGISTRATION FORM FOR AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY OR SILVICULTURAL BURNING

Please return the attached registration form by one of the following methods:

First Class Mail Air Quality Control & Operating Permit Program

Navajo Nation Environmental Protection Agency
P.O. Box 529
Fort Defiance Arizona 86504

Fort Defiance, Arizona 86504

In-Person Air Quality Control & Operating Permit Program

Navajo Nation Environmental Protection Agency Route 112 North, Building #2427 Fort Defiance, Arizona 86504

Fax (928) 729-4323

E-mail kaelynnmorgan@navajo-nsn.gov

Need assistance in filling out this registration form? We are available to answer your questions at: (928) 729-4246 during regular business hours.

Please include a map of the location



NAVAJO NATION AIR QUALITY CONTROL PROGRAM OPEN BURNING REGISTRATION FORM FOR AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY OR SILVICULTURAL BURNING



Registration for burning the following materials: At the following location: By the following responsible party (name): Address: Tel: Agricultural burning and forestry or silvicultural burning is exempt from the open burning permit requirements. OBR § 203(A)(4), (5). Many Navajo farmers, however, voluntarily request permits for burning weeds, slash, and brush. This registration form will inform the Navajo Nation Environmental Protection Agency of these events and allow for educational outreach prior to each event and, when necessary, monitoring as each event takes place.			
		1.	The open burning event will take place on (date):
		2.	Burning will be conducted between [] 8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. or [] other
		3.	Material to be burned will be readily combustible and will be [] piled [] collected in a pit [] placed in an approved waste burner [] ignited in place using high-temperature mechanical burners on ditch banks and/or fencerows and in such quantities that it will be completely consumed within the stated hours.
4.	Piled or pit-contained material will be no fewer than 50 feet from any structure. Burner-contained material will be no fewer than 15 feet from any structure.		
5.	The open burning of the following materials is forbidden: household waste without a permit; junked vehicles or salvaged materials; tires or rubber; plastics or Styrofoam; asphalt or composition roofing; tar, tarpaper, petroleum products, or paint; paper products or cardboard (except as needed to start a fire or that is generated at single-family residences or residential buildings with four or fewer units and burned at the residential site with a permit); treated lumber; construction debris or demolition waste; pesticides, herbicides, fertilizers, or other chemicals; insulated wire; batteries; light bulbs; material containing mercury or asbestos; pathogenic wastes or hazardous wastes, including containers formerly used to hold hazardous materials; manure; and any other material other than natural vegetation that normally emits dense smoke or noxious fumes when burned.		
6.	No fire is permitted when a temporary ban on agricultural burning or forestry or silvicultural burning is in effect in the area of the anticipated burn. <i>See</i> OBR § 409.		
7.	If possible, the local fire department should be notified prior to the setting of the fire. The department may prohibit open burning when atmospheric conditions or local circumstances make such fires hazardous.		
8.	Open burning should be conducted only when local wind conditions will not (a) disperse smoke into populated areas, (b) impair visibility on roads or at airports, (c) create a public nuisance, or (d) spread the fire uncontrollably.		
9.	Natural or artificially induced draft should be present at the open burning event, including blowers where practical. Household waste and other materials should not be added to an agricultural burning or forestry or silvicultural burning, and the location of the burn should be cleared of such materials beforehand. A fire should not be allowed to smolder.		
10.	Fires should be attended at all times. Necessary equipment (water supply, water hose, shovel, sand, etc.) should be available to control the burning and to put out the fire if necessary. Fires should be completely extinguished before leaving them unattended. Fires should be set in the location specified and contained to that location at all times.		
11.	This registration form does not relieve the registrant from liability due to any damage to persons or property resulting from the open burn or from the obligation to comply with other applicable laws, regulations, or ordinances. Navajo Nation and Navajo Nation EPA are not liable for any damages caused by this open burning event.		
Registration dates cannot exceed 14 days (2-week MAX). If more time is needed, applicant can register again.			
G.			